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Anthology of Contemporary Kurdish Poetry

INSTITUT KURDE DE PARIS

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Photographs

- Kurdish woman and her children who fled from Turkish bombing attacks to south Kurdistan. (May 1994 Richard Wayman)
- 2. Kurdish youth learning Kurdish folk dance in a basement in Istanbul. They could have gone to prison for this. (September 1991 Ed Kashi)
- 3. Kurdish women at demonstration in London against the massacre of the Turkish army in Kurdistan. (July 1991 Carolyne Austin)
- 4. Kurdish woman gives victory salute, Kurdish New Year celebrations, Barfi, northwest Kurdistan. (March 1993 Richard Wayman)
- 5. After the bombing of Lice (November 1993 Mark Campbell)
- 6. Yildiz Alpdogan, a Kurdish woman in the dock of the State Security Court in Diyarbakir, charged for 'terrorism' who was sentenced to 12 years imprisonment. (summer 1991 Ed Kashi)
- 7. One of her six 'disappeared' sons, Saddam's 'Anfal', where 180 000 'disappeared' from Qushtapa camp in south Kurdistan. (Martin Pope)
- 8. After the exodus: displaced children in south Kurdistan. (Martin Pope)
- 9. Kurds celebrating Newroz (New Year). (March 1994 Peter Grant)
- 10. Kurdish women guerrillas. 18-year-old Jaiyan (pictured left; her name means 'Life') was killed in the spring of 1994 in a mountain camp on the Turkey/Iraq border. (July 1992 Richard Wayman)



Acknowledgements

Poems translated from Kurmanji Kurdish by Andrew Penny and Baran Rizgar I am on a Journey, A Letter from Prison, Karnveli Hill

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Cover photograph

N Kasraian, Kurdistan, Oriental Art Publishing, Sweden (Details of ancient designs on Chikh or the straw mat. Each of the straws is adorned with colourful wool before being woven into a mat. To create designs radiating the real life and a view of the existence which has taken roots in the forgotten history of the tribe.)

FOREWORD

Harold Pinter

The suffering of the Kurdish people gave birth to these poems. What they express, however, is not only pain and sorrow but resistance — an absolute determination to survive appalling persecution. The suppression of the Kurds is a brutal and largely ignored outrage of shocking proportions. These poems are naked, passionate, vivid and arresting. They spring from direct and immediate experience. This is a deeply moving anthology.

JY KUrde de

Introduction

SHERI LAIZER

As the 20th century comes to a close, Kurdish literature and poetry is experiencing a vital regeneration comparable to a renaissance. Undismayed by the repression and undeterred by the prohibitions and bloodshed in Kurdistan, the Kurdish people continue their struggle for the lawful recognition of their rights, the defence of their culture and their very existence. They defend their lives with two powerful weapons: language and the armed struggle. Poems, songs, a flood tide of new books on Kurdish life and history reach out across the generations and maintain the continuity of identity against all odds, inspiring pride in the past and hope in the future. This cultural resurgence sustains the Kurdish momentum to resist the hidden war which rages in the villages and mountains of their homeland.

In making our selection for this short anthology of Kurdish poetry, we looked for certain qualifying features: the poets should all be living poets writing at the time of our selection; they should be poets who had broken with the old classical forms of Kurdish poetry and whose imagery was immediate, less reliant on symbolism than the preceding generations. This would make the poems in translation more accessible to English readers. The poets and their poems would originate from the four main parts of divided Kurdistan – Turkey, Iran, Iraq and Syria – even if the writers had been forced into exile on account of their work or because of their loyalty to their Kurdish roots.

The poems chosen for this anthology have been selected on their individual merit and counterbalance each other. The work of well-known poets sits beside the work of other younger or newer poets whose reputations have still to be established. We also wished for the poems to cover the most essential aspects of Kurdish life at this period; endurance and commitment, side by side with a powerful longing for freedom, for peace and release from the constant suffering and repression of ordinary Kurdish people whose lives over the past century have been played out against the background of a terrific struggle for survival and due recognition of their rights.

As the Kurdish poet Ferhad Shakely says, "There is a strong link between the condition for poetry and the political condition at any given moment. By following the history of Kurdish poetry, its periods of stagnation and expansion, we get an interesting picture of the place and conditions for literature in society. And although the relationship between literature and political situation is a complex one in many ways, it is a fact that in periods of relative freedom and prosperity literary life has flourished..." (Hannah Branness, Kurdish Poetry with special emphasis on Goran, Kurdistan Report, March 1992)

In the poems featured here, certain underlying themes occur again and again: the love for Kurdistan and the natural world of mountains, plains, rivers, flowers, sun, moon and stars; admiration and veneration of the Kurdish freedom fighters, known either as guerrillas, or peshmergas ('those who face death') as with Rafik Sabir's Road of the Gun; the male poets' love of women and the torment of unrequited love - due to feudal traditions, war or exile; the tragic loneliness of exile and the poets' overwhelming longing to see Kurdistan again; images of rage at the loss, destruction and brutality witnessed in the course of war, but at the same time pride and honour in fighting for one's people and country such as in Jiyan Adar's poem, I am on a Journey; the difficult struggle of Kurdish women for greater independence and equality within a traditionally patriarchal society - an equality being won by Kurdish women fighting for a free Kurdistan alongside their men both in exile

and in the cities, towns and villages of occupied Kurdistan, or, as in the poem, Karnveli Hill, among the guerrillas in Kurdistan's mountains.

But what must be remembered are the constraints under which Kurdish poets, writers, and songwriters give expression to their ideas and emotions.

In Turkey (north Kurdistan), although the Kurdish language is no longer illegal in its spoken form, there are severe restrictions on when it is able to be used. All Kurdish patriotic, political or national sentiments are forbidden in speech, writing, music and in broadcasting. Books, magazines, audio cassettes and films are subject to extreme censorship by the Turkish Government which refuses to acknowledge the distinct ethnic identity of the Kurdish people living within its present borders. Kurds outside Turkey are referred to euphemistically as nationals of the country dominated by the ruling majority – eg as Iraqis, Iranian citizens, Kurdish-speaking citizens of Turkey etc.

In Iraq (south Kurdistan), although the Kurdish language has not been subject to such annihilating treatment by the various governments of Iraq, successive regimes have always sought to contain Kurdish aspirations and limit Kurdish 'autonomy' in practice, even if not in name. The Kurds have been subject to a campaign of genocide in Iraq by the ruling Ba'ath party which came to power in 1963. Although there was a brief period of hope and comparative freedom during which time Kurdish music and poetry also flourished in Iraq, the collapse of the Kurdish movement in 1975 saw many Kurdish intellectuals flee to safety abroad. The most dedicated of the writers, singers and poets continued their creative lives in their countries of exile but these compositions inevitably reflect the writers' enormous

longing to return home: home to a land of peace, not of strife and destruction.

In Iran (east Kurdistan), Kurdish culture – literature, poetry and music – flourished in the period before the two world wars, and during the brief heyday of the Kurdish Republic of Mahabad in 1946 when Kurdish aspirations for self-rule experienced a short dawn of fulfilment. Since the Islamic revolution of 1979, however, cultural expression of every kind has been repressed in Iran and the Kurdish liberation movement in the northeast of the country has suffered setback after setback with successive assassinations of Kurdish leaders. Although the regime tolerates some classical Kurdish and Persian music and poetry, contemporary sentiments must be cloaked in stereotyped imagery. In this anthology, we have not included such revered Kurdish poets from east Kurdistan as Hemin, because their work belongs to an earlier generation of classical Kurdish poetry and cannot be considered 'modern'.

This is by no means an exhaustive collection. This short anthology simply aims to introduce the reader to Kurdish poetry while recognising that although, inevitably, the unique rhythms and nuances of the original poems in the Kurdish language become dispersed in translation, the emotions and imagery remain vibrant and intact, inviting us into the true heart of Kurdistan.

About the Poets

SHERKO BEKAS, son of Faiq Bekas, is one of the most famous Kurdish poets. Sherko was born in 1940 in Sulaymaniya in Southern Kurdistan (Iraq). He was educated in Sulaymaniya and Baghdad and published his first collection of poems there in 1968. His poems reflect his close association with the Kurdish liberation movement which he joined in 1965, working in the movement's radio station – the Voice of Kurdistan. During the period 1984–1987 he lived with the Kurdish *peshmergas* (freedom fighters). Since 1987, Sherko Bekas has lived in Sweden where he continues to write. In 1987 he was awarded the Swedish PEN Club's Tucholsky Prize, In the same year he was awarded the freedom of the city of Florence. (Summary from *Index on Censorship*, by H Sinjari, 1988)

RABUN BELENGAZ was born in 1969 in Karakocan in the Turkish-occupied part of Kurdistan. His family migrated to Australia when he was only six years old. Belengaz finished his studies at Sydney University, graduating from the Faculty of Engineering. At that time, he became interested in the Kurdish question and in writing and reading poetry. He left Australia and settled in Europe in 1993 to write and devote himself to raising international awareness of Kurdish issues.

AZAD DILZAR was born in Koya in south Kurdistan in 1947. He worked for many years as a primary school teacher and music tutor, as well as on his writing and poetry.

MARIF OMAR GUL was born in south Kurdistan in 1956. He studied law at Baghdad University where he gained his BA in 1982. He obtained an MSc in Law from Kiev University in the Ukraine in 1990 and is currently completing his PhD in International Law at the same University. He has published two volumes of poems.

LATIF HALMAT was born in Kifri in south Kurdistan in 1947. He is one of the post-Goran vanguards of modern Kurdish poetry. He has been working as a journalist for most of his life and has published five volumes of his poetry.

ADAR JIYAN (pseudonym) was born in 1957 in the village of Dengize near the town of Savur, in Mardin province, northwest Kurdistan. He graduated from the Imam Hatip College of Mardin and studied at the Education Institute in Urfa. He worked as a teacher in primary schools in Mardin and Elazig provinces. Adar was arrested and imprisoned for using the banned (Kurdish) letters x, q, c and w. After his release he was sent to exile in Yozgat. He now works there as a teacher and is married with two children.

MOHAMMED KHAKI was born in Saqqez, east Kurdistan in 1953 He has written four volumes of poetry. He obtained a diploma in journalism in Tehran in 1973 and worked in East Kurdistan as a journalist and as an editor and newswriter for Kurdish radio until 1989, when he left Iran for Sweden. He has lived in London since the end of 1990, working in the field of human rights and on behalf of refugee communities, as well as researching for Amnesty International, while continuing to develop his career as a poet and writer.

KAMAL MIRAWDELI was born in south Kurdistan in 1951. He studied for his BA in English at Baghdad University, after which he taught English in secondary schools between 1973 and 1981. He left for exile in England in 1981. He obtained an MA in cross-cultural studies (1983) and his PhD in Literature (1987) from Essex University as well as an MSc in economics from the London School of Economics (1991). Mirawdeli emerged as a writer, literary critic and poet in the 1970s and since then has written on a wide range of subjects covering literature, history, politics and philosophy in Kurdish, Arabic and English and has published two volumes of poems.

ABDULLA PASHEW was born in Bahrka village in Arbil in 1945. He has been living in exile in Russia, Libya and Sweden since the late 1970s. He received a PhD in Literature from Moscow University. Pashew has published three volumes of his poems.

RAFIQ SABIR was born in Qaladiza in south Kurdistan in 1950. He gained his first degree (BA) in the Kurdish language from the University of Baghdad in 1974. He joined the Kurdish movement in 1978 and his life as a peshmerga became the source of many of his poems. He obtained a PhD in the cultural history of the Kurds from the University of Sofia in 1988. He is presently living in exile in Sweden where he has published a complete volume of his poetry. He was one of the new post-Goran generation of modernisers of Kurdish poetry.

SHAHIN B. SOREKLI was born in 1946 in the Kurdish town of Mazra near the town of Kobani (Arabic name: Ain El Arab), 30km east of the Euphrates on the Syrian-Turkish border in west Kurdistan (Syria). After finishing his secondary studies in the Syrian city of Aleppo in 1965, he left for Europe where he studied in Austria and Germany for three years. He arrived in Sydney, Australia in 1968 and has lived there ever since. He has Australian citizenship and is married with two sons. He resumed study in 1974 and graduated from Macquarie University in 1978. He now teaches high school in Sydney. Between 1979-1984. Shahin was the President of the Australian-Kurdish Association, the first of its kind in Australia. In 1982 and 1983 he presented a weekly radio programme in Kurdish and English on 2 SER FM. Since 1985 he has been the co-ordinator/presenter of the Kurdish Language Programme of SBS radio.

Shahin has published five books in Kurdish. He has also written many literary, educational and political articles, short stories and poems for various magazines and newspapers in Kurdish, English, Arabic and German.

Anthology of Contemporary Kurdish Poetry



Sherko Bekas

from SMALL MIRRORS

T

LAND

When I touched the bough of a tree it trembled in pain

When I held out my hand to the branch the trunk started to weep when I embraced the trunk the soil under my feet shuddered the rocks groaned

this time when I bent down and collected a handful of earth all Kurdistan screamed.

1985

V

8

THE GUN

To make the mountain happy the trees asked the wind to play music with them like flutes

To alleviate the garden of tedium the bird asked the river to let its waves hold hands and dance And in order to set the poetry free the land asked the peshinergas guns to set fire to this dark night and die in the arms of the sun.

ΧI

IN MY COUNTRY

In my country newspapers are born dumb radios are born deaf televisions are born blind

and those in my country who want these to be born healthy and free

They make them dumb and kill them they make them deaf and kill them they make them blind and kill them

this is what happens in my country

IIIX

COMPARISON

Twelve midnight exactly two mated hands precise like Kurds and sorrow

Twelve o'clock midnight like my imagination a clean bright dinner table twenty cigarettes and only one key word

after one o'clock two separate hands of the clock like me and the eye of my country

96 bay

After two o'clock like exiles and asylum seekers pen, paper, and items on the table all disparate and confused

After three o'clock ashtrays full of butts and tobacco ash a room full of smoke

Beside it a sleeping poet a vigilant poem.

1989

XVII

THE SEEDS

We were millions we were old trees newly growing plants and seeds.

From the helmet of Ankara they came at dawn they uprooted us they took us away far away.

se de Paile On the way the heads of many old trees drooped many new plants died in the cold many seeds were trampled under foot lost and forgotten

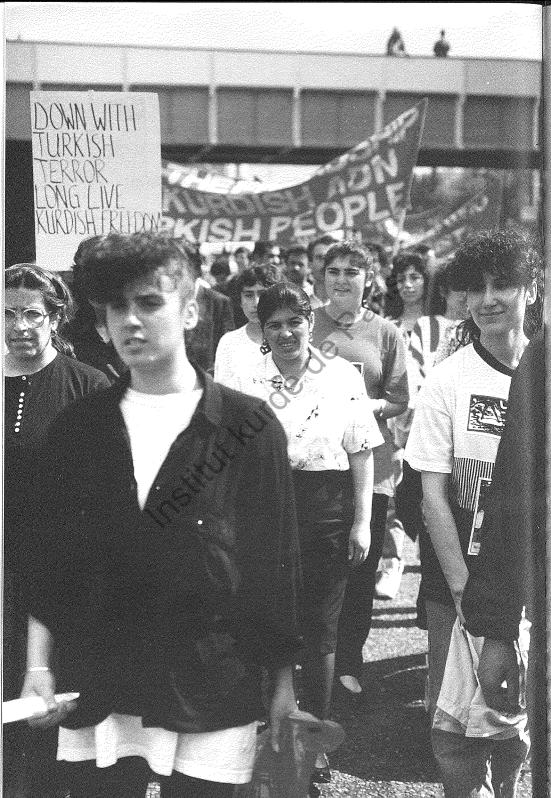
We grew thin like the summer river we diminished like flocks of birds towards the time of autumn we diminished to mere thousands

We had seeds carried back by the wind they reached the thirsty mountains again they hid inside rock clefts the first rain the second rain the third rain they grew again Now again we are a forest we are millions we are seeds

plants and old trees the old helmet died! And now you the new helmet ide de P why have you put the head of the spear under your chin? Can you finish us off?

But I know and you know as long as there is a seed for the rain and the wind this forest will never end?

20 September 1987 Stockholm



Rabun Belengaz

NORTH-WEST BY SOUTH-EAST

What am I doing here? In this bare room?
Again finding thoughts framed in a window weaved by the past roads like what's her name's loom as nicotine stains the fingers yellow.
And notice more and more limitations; the walls, windows and shallows of mirrors
The cattle-fence of emotions
note the symbolism as a bird soars.

The park in snow, naked martyred trees staked in the ground; from my cup of tea vapour lifts sinuously as the soft flakes faint and like Alice trip into a barrow as I think of how to use this snow, its purity pleading for expression. But all I can think of are the muddy prints a link of steps left by somebody not

long ago resembling this printed page. And that the time it takes for this snow to fall and cover all trace will take as long as for these thoughts to diminish back to the same blank page as I started with. It's like they say, nothing is great unless it saves from the eternal, and staring at this snow, this page, and know, I see no roses.

But beneath the cold quilts of snow I know the earth sleeps, how each patient tree's root grips the nerves have ploughed deep and won't let go. How these trees endure like defiant clenched fists and not because they are aware of next summer, but remember, as I endure.

Thoughts of dispersion, the nomads are lost.

I begin here again, the end, with dear

Kurdistan I've forgotten who you are and the years have bleached all memories and regardless, the past lies waiting. Here behind glass, this fast falling snow mirrors the weather that's in my mind, proves me lost. The ancient war of nomad and settler. A sharp wind sets a leaf slapping against the pane of glass and I can't remember

like Catherine's hand pleading, let me in, but I'm learning to bury all past pains.

Twenty years of exile, dear Kurdistan, and what remains are vague recollections.

I could imagine, among these green leaves, large red roses, but no; till next summer.

I breathe ghosts of smoke that float through the trees and stripped bare, disappear into thin air.

STC's GHOST AND THE CRITIC

STC

No, not I build. A slug leaving no trail, a bug instead of a bee stirring. No refining fire but stuck in thick gross ice

Critic

O poor STC. Yes, promised a chest of gold, in the end you were sold out, given a few leaves, and hope drained in the sieves.

STC

It was Wordsworth, the cock, and that man from Pollock held me back, I could've been someone because I've seen it all, blue moons, red moons

even the rare white moons

Critic

I understand, it's sad
it seems that they all had
something to do with it.
Reason you couldn't have built.

But for a royal flush: You read the stars, and played the cards, you watched and prayed as she threw the dice, tossed, and cried, you've lost, you've lost. Black hag in the heart's plush.

WAKING IN THE DARK

Waking in the dark. Where am I? The rows of heads in this cavern like Charons load, no. Turning I lift the window's plastic curtain, frames a sunrise of orange peels. I remember now, how the wheels

left the tarmac; felt the speed rope my spine, and as the plane hoisted itself dragged up, detached and snap, no strings attached, I was released. Waking in another belly, (leaving home (a relief really))

feeling a bit like Ulysses, repeating, it little profits that an idle king among these barren crags, for me barren streets. Streets I stalked hungry for the flesh of misery, to suffer for fresh

images. Now thousands of feet above the Atlantic, the plane, a Yeatsian swan, another street, makes it's way for the sphere's northern parts, where I eagerly wait, for a new constellation of stars.

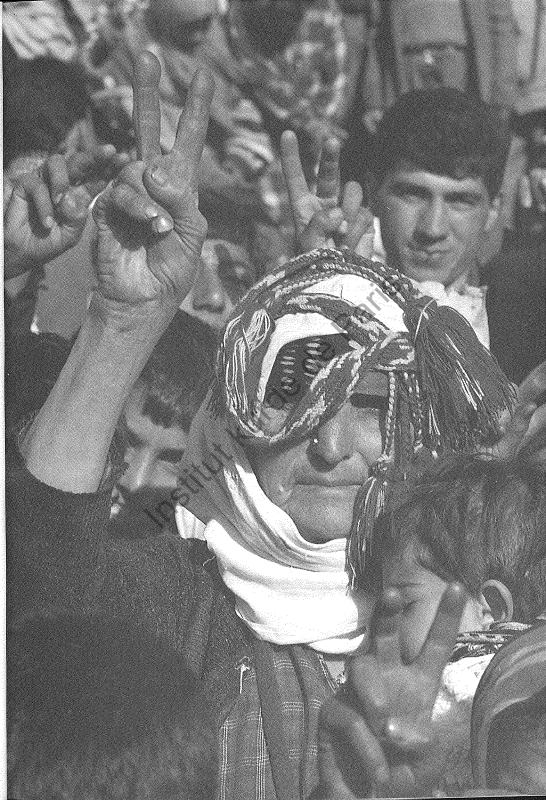
Azad Dilzar

MY CITY (To underdeveloped Hewler)

My city is deep in slumber slow and being left behind in the caravan of progress even though it is the most ancient city of the world cemetery and memorial to four gods even though Xenophon's 10,000 soldiers passed through it the arena when Darius and Alexander battled each other even though its age is more than 4000 years my city is still a child just learning to walk and talk.

The mad and the insane are numerous in my city thousands, beggars and unemployed many firm-muscled youths are shoe shiners or porters or messy-haired dervishes with skewers Most of the people in my city are hungry and without bread although the wheat of its Qaraj Plain is famous all over the world My city has no peer in its misery it is like a fallen drunk ranting aimlessly

Its streets are very narrow with no statues its square is full of colourful flowers without halls for music and dance its nights are full of songs its girls and boys are beautiful and handsome the fort and the castle of my city are very gloomy among the rows of minarets they look like a paper bag driven by the storm. stitut kurde de Paris



Marif Omar Gul

NEW YEAR FEAST AND FREEDOM

For my New Year present, Father I want neither gifts nor beautiful clothes My contribution is freedom to my country.

If you wish me to be with you this Newroz To return home and embrace your hopes

Go and look for me on every street where thirsty trees endure in every home deserted by laughter

look for me ask about me

if you didn't meet me there then there is only one more place where we can meet it is in the trenches of the peshmergas

Father, when your weary son struggles with the mountain even ascending stage by stage he will eventually reach the summit after some moments of rest So, Father, why do you feel so disappointed no matter how many feast days go by your son will not return until the day of freedom!

LIFE AND DEATH

We are used to our date with the snow We either halt the advance of our enemies or we die in the mountains No enemy soldier's knees can resist the snow armour is of no avail as soon as a battalion of peshmergas appears they stop their march for our mountains are either ringed with fire or obstructed by snow when they dare to climb the mountains Hithit Kurde de P look, how many rows of dead bodies they leave

1986 Qandil Mountain

Latif Halmat

NAZIM HIKMET TALKS WITH HUMANITY

When I was born, sorrows were as normal as the wind; death as normal as stones and shadows happiness, just like the cigarettes and matches at petrol stations, was forbidden.

Silence was a favourite medal on the breast of any coward poet. words were knives seeking the throat of their utterers. Then came I and set fire to the roots of fear and sowed the clouds of love on the winds of the seasons.

In the country of hunger and drought I made my poetry the river of perfumes and cursed a century in which poets are caught, from fear, in the traps of gold and money. and birds are caught, from hunger, in various traps and snares.

On the mountains, in the plains and valleys I cried:
O my hungry homeland
I love you and I love you
here I am ploughing this land
with my eyelashes

turning it into farms and otchards which grow red flowers and beautiful poems for the children of the coming world a world of freedom, love and peace

THE POEM WHICH ENDS, ENDS NOT

(excerpts)

Stones feel neither happiness nor sadness they do not hate nor love any one stones do not have hearts to fall in love neither do they have hands to write letters and poems to their lovers neither do they fantasise about pursuing them from street to street stones do not have feet to run away when the guards go to arrest them. they do not have mothers to weep for them when they die they do not have fathers to discipline them when they misbehave they do not have a specific country to sacrifice themselves for; wherever they happen to be they find a place to rest and stick to it firmly

stones never remember their past nor feel nostalgic about it for otherwise stones would once have written a poem or a letter In spite of all that our forefathers said "Stones are weighty in their own places" So are human beings.

-1+

This age is the age of empty and decorated words it is the age of fake and begging poets it is the age of the commercialisation of thought, faith, mind and heart it is the age of free death, individually and collectively at the turnabout of every street death is waiting wherever you least expect death is your guard and in your service

This age is the age of confusion and complication every word is curtailed by hundreds of automatic and electronic tricks to serve the interests of the bourgeoisie

let us learn to discriminate between the good and the bad let us love Truth more than ice-cream, hair-clasps, necklaces, and kisses.



Adar Jiyan

A LETTER FROM PRISON

A letter came from prison telling of the life within saying: The prison has become the centre of resistance

A letter came from Eruh saying: The people have sacrificed their souls rising up to see the caravan off from Kars to Elon.

A letter came from Gebar smelling of spring saying how Egid and the lion-hearted fought on the 28th of March

A letter came from Botan written in sweat saying how Nusaybin is becoming the centre of the uprising

A letter came from Mardin written in blood heart-rending rubbing salt into the wound

A letter came from Bagok like a page of history so long that it never ends And I read it night and day

A letter came from Amed carrying greetings and the lions and tigers have set to in the region of Serhed A letter came from Farqin smelling of love telling the people the good news of an independent motherland

A letter came from the motherland with greetings from the people rising up, becoming the dawn of liberation

A letter came from the mountains It de de Paril calling to the world saving: "Come and witness the raging battle in Kurdistan."

2 March 1993

I AM ON A JOURNEY

I can't wait, it's late I am on a journey, I'll go Before me is a fight and a struggle I am on a journey, I'll go

No matter how far it is Say from the North to the South Even if it is like travelling on the edge of a sword I am on a journey, I'll go

Even if enemies are on that road If the very soil and stones turn into snakes If all envenomed strike at once I am on a journey, I'll go

Even if the bullets rain down
If the enemy comes like shedding leaves
If the army of the oppressor comes
I am on a journey, I'll go

Even if the collaborators conspire With the traitors against me If so many thorns are on the road I am on a journey, I'll go

I will defend that road
I can witness the liberation

I am slowly drawing near I am on a journey, I'll go

A road with crests and valleys For freedom and independence I will never return I am on a journey, I'll go

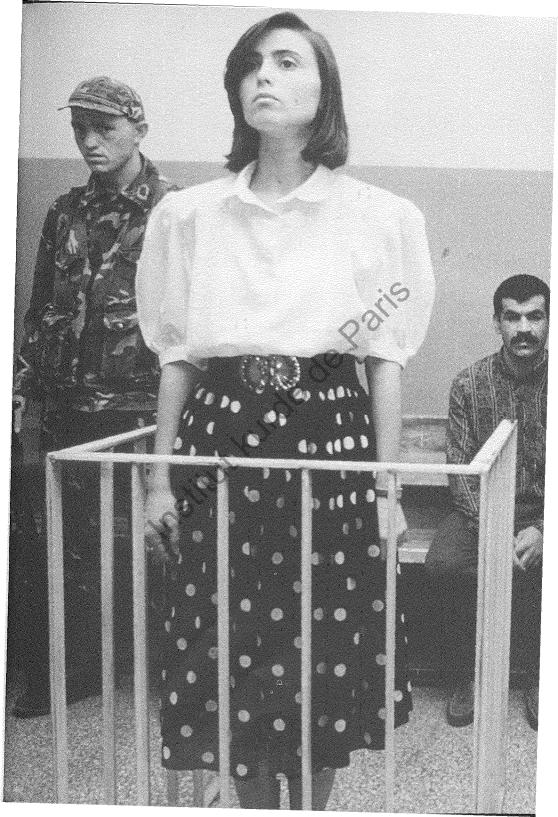
I am on a journey, the road lies before me My enemies have increased Should even all the world attack me I am on a journey, I'll go

dePaile

I will never stop, never return
I have but a single road, not two
The road is that of my motherland
I am on a journey, I'll go

Summer, Winter and Fall
I do not tire at all
This road is the road to Kurdistan
I am on a journey, I'll go





Mohammed Khaki

BOMBAR DMENT

Ex... plo... sion...
A child's severed arm flying
Delicate deer legs breaking
Poor butterfly through the dust crawling

Ex... plo... sion...
Houses collapsing
Schools flattened
Corn alight with a thousand burning nests.
Bridges blasted
City destroyed, in ruins.

Explosion groaning wailing agony

Nearby the wireless bulletin howls: "Success! Enemy target attacked and destroyed."

BUTTER FLY SLEEP (for my daughter Alan)

Hey! migrating birds returning from the East of homesickness, have you seen my little daughter?

Wind!
Why are you silent?
Have you seen the tresses of my sad, tiny bird?

Waves, be calm. Reed-beds, be still Wind, don't disturb the forest.

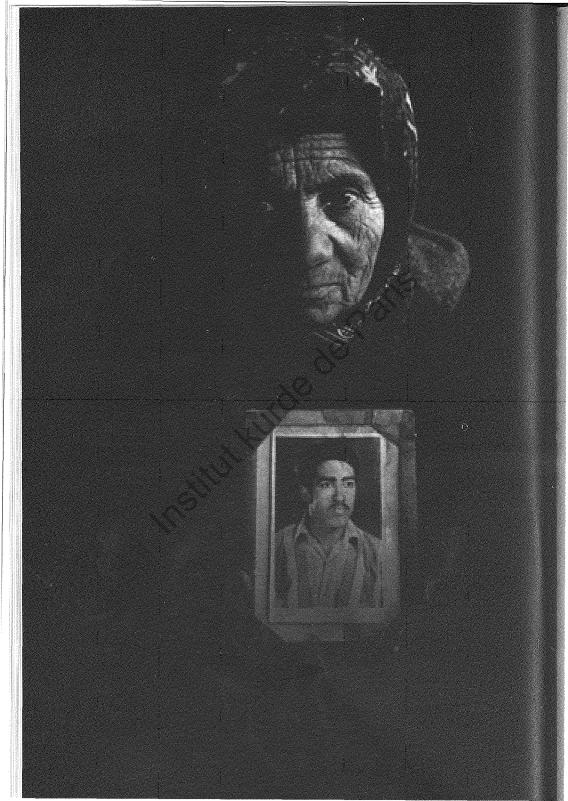
Butterflies, flap your wings gently else you'll startle the sleeping gazelles from my daughter's eyes.

HOMESICKNESS

If one day your jasmine sweet memory w nich drop of rain
would wash away my homesickness?

MY WISH

In my dreams, I come to your tent filling my shepherd's basket with the songs of mountain starlings. I am making a bed of sweet violets entwining my arms as honeysuckle for you.



Kamal Mirawdeli

MARTYR

Mother! don't say My son passed away alone

Here is the sky Washing me with the rains of her eyes dePalie

The autumn has made me a coffin From its yellow leaves

And this is the land Opening her arms wide to me And hugging me to her breast

No, dear mother! Don't say "my son died alone The land which I worshipped all my life Consumes my blood drop by drop, And gives me an abode in her heart.

MOTHER, YOU ARE NOT WINTER

Mother, you were not in such bad shape last year. Your hair was long and black.

When did this never-melting snow Fall upon your head?

How did this inextinguishable flame Rage in your heart?

Mother, you are not winter To bring together snow and embers How is it you drink The last sips of yourself?

As if you have returned from hell In the company of a black cloud:

Your pink lips are full of wrinkles In which smiles are buried.

Mother, are you looking for yourself? Who stole you from yourself, mother?

Your eyes search for your sight,
Your ears yearn for your hearing,
Your tongue pines for your voice,
Your lungs for your breathing
Your soul, you are alive, seeks for your life?

I wish I had never seen you so
You were not in such bad shape last year.

This is me, mother.

Please recognise me.

I am your sight, your hearing, your voice.

Breathe me in with your deep sighs.

Let me give you the blood of my heart

Mother, please don't go away! Wait Wait with me Wait until tomorrow!

A SONG FOR THE DEPARTURE OF SIYAMAND

It scares me when the end of time Tolls the bell of the call for separation When a black shadow Engulfs the last halo of your sight

I am scared of a time when like a madman I look around in all directions
I look nearby, I look faraway
Except for the flame of a red sorrow
On the horizon, I can detect nothing

I am scared of a time...
The time has come
The wind of departure has blown
Load your luggage
Wither the last bud of a smile
Close your eyes with a sad heart
And say, "Good bye, love."

I am far away, you are far away The roads are closed. Trees mourn their roots.

Hey, here is a henna party for your wedding! Nay, it is the blood of dreams crimsoning horizons! I am afraid of myself, of people, of shadows, Of the sun and the sea Of the pen and paper Of the desert, of the nights, of fences Of every whisper Of every whisker Taking the road of your roadlessness.

Every passing hour of the clock Cuts down the green tree of my lifetime

Then I was spring, I wish I were autumn The sky's tears would refresh my mourning flowers

It's night now.

My lamp burns slowly, dimly

It is listening to the last sentence of your story

A new shoot suddenly springs up This is the spring of your winter season.

Abdullah Pashew

THE UNKNOWN SOLDIER

When a foreign delegation goes to a country they take a wreath of flowers to the tomb of the unknown soldier. If tomorrow a delegate comes to Kurdistan dePaile and asks me; Where is the tomb of the unknown soldier? I say, Sir, on the strand of every river on the bench of every mosque before the door of every church every cave on every rock in the mountains on any tree in the gardens in this country on every span of land under every metre of the sky do not worry; bend a little lower and lay down your garland.

VIGILANCE

Two thirds of the night have passed Sleep my baby
Put your head on my palm
Lie in my arms
Don't wait for me
Tonight I will be wakeful
I won't sleep

You are an easy sleeper
Nature is stern-faced and its breath is hard
I am afraid that the sound of the wind
the glimmer of the trees
the roar of the clouds
and the pouring of the rain
will, God forbid, awaken you
or untie the little links of your dream chain

Sleep my baby
Put your head on my palm
Lie in my arms
Don't wait for me to sleep
I will be vigilant over you.
I will not sleep.

Rafiq Sabir

WHERE HAVE YOU COME FROM? To Yilmaz Guney

At this midnight where have you come from? How could you shake off the dust of bondage and rise like the sun in these foggy evenings of winter?

It was a land of ice, which way have you come? It was in the cross-fire, which way have you come? Kurdistan was full of wild wolves, sunken deep in crime, which way have you come? How could you learn the precepts of civilisation and sing lullabies in the land of wolves? Which way have you come?

Under this heavy rainfall, are you lost in dreams, a rainbow, or a cascade of steam? In these times of starvation and under the ruins of these seasons, are you the face of the horizon, or a flower of wheat?

One usurped dawn we will awaken with you and find traces of our identity in your dreams We shall fill Kurdistan with love, rainbows, lullabies and truth.



EVA

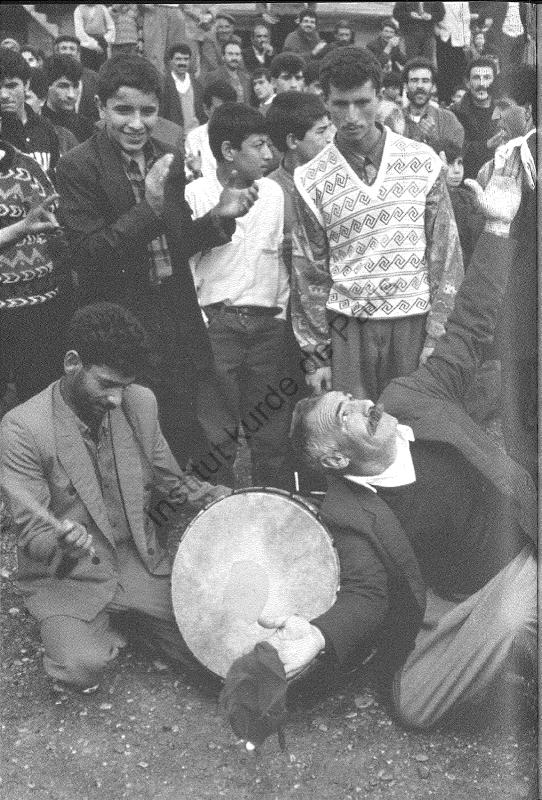
When you were fire You neither burnt me nor warmed me up

When you were a river you neither drowned me nor rocked me in the lap of a wave of yours Now you are a still whirlwind blowing tens of times a day neither resting by me for a while nor taking me away with you for once.

THE ROAD OF THE GUN

I had a small blue sky
The occupiers brought it down over me
I had a little stream of dark blood,
a bundle of honey dreams
and a collection of books
they plundered them all.

But when they came to change my skin deform my face I wore the snow and thunder carried my homeland on my shoulders and took to the road of the gun.



Farhad Shakali

KURDISTAN: THE LAND OF BLOOD

In the evenings when light Leaves the drunk and sorrowful windows of your room You sit down, reflecting on the dark and misty glass, Counting the raindrops one by one When they strike the drunk and sorrowful windows of your room. Looking far away. The sky has become a dark dim chador There isn't the space of a flower in it To enflame your feelings You kindle your eyes and see The earth has become a blood - coloured veil Providing no rim for the location of your heart. You know and are certain about it What a night will ensue This sad evening. You know that tonight All your dreams will hang From the gallows of this city, and you have to exhibit all your aspirations and desires like old clothes, On the walls of showrooms and museums So that they may be dried By the prehistoric sunrays Along with your far - reaching visions You will survey the plains and valleys And all the roads and avenues of this Time And wonder in what city, what village They might have arrested him, flogging him, Clubbing him to death. You wonder at this time In which home, which room, on which bed,

A lovely young girl is offering her body,
Like a red apple to her sweetheart
You wonder now, at what place,
There is someone, an unknown unnamed someone,
who can not find his way,
No one knows about him
And the Heavens do not receive his voice.

Your thoughts are like a stray migrating flock of birds wandering from one country to another, from one forest to another.

It will be now, or a little later,
They will sit on an electric cable and stop chirping
Taking refuge in a long nightly dream.

Contemplating
You reflect on the heart of your thoughts.
Then – the horizon of your hopes and dreams
Was still rosy
You were radical,
You were setting foot inside the region of blood and death
You were a gypsy
Heeding not the boundaries between
one season and another.
You didn't know the limits of life's abode;
The whereabouts of the gates of death,
Day and night were the same for you.

I sit at the threshold of night's window. and through the tunnel of darkness I look towards a chink of light And call to it.
O! Kurdistan
Cradle of pain, glory and love.
Land of blood
Earth of wounds.

I sit at night's window And look down the long road of darkness Perhaps a breeze carrying your fragrance will blow in Perhaps tonight an angel has gone astray And found his way to this region Carrying a white torch Whose glimmer resembles the sparkling Of the stars of my homeland's skies. I dream I wish tonight there were such a rainfall As would let all the trees blossom Palie Let all the birds learn how to sing night and day Perhaps then in my lonely heart a bud, a cloud, would open, too. I sit and think My heart would turn into a lofty cloud Pouring down over rosy summits Mingling with the evening twilight. Situtk

Shahin B Sorekli

DO YOU KNOW WHERE KURDISTAN IS?

Our world is growing smaller Long live the satellite Yet, do you know where Kurdistan is? Do you know who the Kurds are, my friend? What the hell Why should you care?! There are more important events taking place: The World Cup in Italy and Wimbledon So, drink your beer, relax. Who the hell are the Kurds Why should you care?! The Cold War is over, Europe is uniting And there is no blood to be seen in your city Except on the soccer fields now and then, And that is not so bad, my friend. So, enjoy your beer and relax For all is fine in the world, in your world, Or so you wish to think Who will win the World Cup? Would it be Argentina? Or, maybe Germany? And in tennis: Would it be Becker? Or, maybe Edberg? Be patient, my friend, be patient. Science is at your service And your TV will bring the live telecast Right into your living room. The world has progressed, grown civilised; So drink your beer and get ready for the action. How quickly things can change! A united Germany, a united Europe is on the way. The big swallows the small, as always,
And the power belongs to gold, black or yellow.
GDR is no more
The Wall has gone
And the East, bankrupt, is opening the door.
Whatever happened to class struggle?!
Out of fashion nowadays,
Environment is in;
Peace too, of course,
Peace amongst countries,

Not amongst nations, Peace for places where your TV can reach And your government wants you to see. Have you heard of Kurdistan, my friend? Do you know where it is? And Halabcha? What does it mean? Is it a tree, or a river somewhere? Why the hell should you care? I will tell you anyway; I will be brief, you will not miss the match. Halabcha, a little town in southern Kurdistan: March 16, 1988: the massacre of 5000, Quick death under the cover of darkness. God forbid, I am not talking of seals, Not of kangaroos, and certainly not of whales! Only of Kurdish children, men and women Gassed by poison sold by your companies, For profit had to be made; And who are the Kurds anyway? No flag they have in front of the UN building, no friends. Do you know who the Kurds are, my friend, do you care?! The world is changing, yes it is;

Fast or slow, the news is reaching everywhere, But not in Kurdistan, A country torn apart, a nation constantly tormented, A nation with no right to appear on your screen. Have you heard of 'aid', my friend?

3

Have you heard of 'co-operation', of 'friendship'? Words that can mean profit for some But oppression for others, Those who are not called nations, As they are not members of the United Nations they have no friends interested in relations. Kurdistan is closed to cameras, my friend, And you will not see her "intifada" Nor her destroyed villages And it does not matter how many times Kurds are massacred. You will not scream: SAVE THE KURDS For Kurdistan is closed to cameras, my friend, And you will not see. Forgive me for taking your time, lover of peace, But do you care?! One day, if you care to care, Maybe after the games, When the rating season is over And your box is full of boring stuff Search for the Kurds, for Kurdistan, Then ask your conscience: Don't they too have rights in this world, Just like whales, lakes and trees?!

And should you decide to know the Kurds and care:
Ask your government
To stop giving aid
To stop selling bombs
Which end up murdering a proud and ancient nation.
You may even carry a sign reading:
Save the Kurds and Kurdistan.

June 1990

THE NIGHTLY VISITS

Three times I was born Once in Kurdistan A land governed by oppression Where human rights have no meaning Where history is written in fire and blood. My second birth, Vienna, 1965 Beautiful as it may be Vienna had little for me For I was a foreigner and ran out of money. So my wandering began Until I reached Bonegilla My third birth: October '68. Today when I look back I realise how much Australia has given me Yet in heart and mind I remain captured by my first birth. Every night I hear the cries of my mother from her grave Calling me not to forget the graveyards of Kurdistan. Once I asked: Why graveyards, mother, why graveyards? And she replied: Kurdistan lives on graveyards, my son. After midnight, I leave my body in Sydney And fly over oceans to the land of agony and torture Where by suffering and dying The Kurds have kept a nation alive But I rarely make it to the grave of my mother For there are many graves in Kurdistan

Graves of every kind. From Halabcha to Dersim, Karkouk to Agiri Mahabad to Botan, Hewler to Cudi, Those massacred by forces of evil keep on screaming Inviting you to witness their struggle after death. Sad and exhausted I return to Sydney. The other night when my mother called again I implored: Let it be, please dear mother Spare me the graveyards of Kurdistan for a night. itut kurde de Parie With a sigh so deep she enquired: Can you really sleep, my son?! She gently embraced my soul And returned it to Kurdistan.

March 1992

NEWROZ

Newroz is the symbol of struggle and resistance for a nation deprived of freedom and peace. Newroz is the desire to create a New Day in a country by force divided, in darkness for years. Newroz is a page of world history for years forged and locked behind iron gates, A book written in red blood with pages scattered over every corner of a land where pure white snow begins to melt in March, and the bright yellow sun of Zoroastra in Spring turns the land of the Medes into a green carpet Newroz is the fury of those massacred in Ararat, The cries of those in Dersim burned in closed caves, The sighs of the Kurdish mothers and wives whose husbands and sons were hanged in Mahabad, The agony of the five thousand gassed in Halabcha, The pain of two million refugees fleeing chemicals. Newroz is the aspiration of young men and women who each day die so others may live free. Newroz is the return of the sun, The defeat of the darkness, Hope for a better tomorrow in Kurdistan.

March 1992



S.T.

Dedicated to the martyr, Beritan, by a woman guerrilla and friend, signed ST

KARNVELI HILL (HOW I LOVE THESE MOUNTAINS)

I am angry and resentful, and a bit weary, is geralic I have fought this awesome pain, and my heart is pregnant with screams like a song of unrequited love

The heart in my young body rages with a stormy yearning. Take the kettle from the fire roll a cigarette from the tin

You smoke Mus tobacco, I know like threads of carpet silk. How I love these mountains whose savage virgin beauty

we have honoured with our guns these mountains which have shielded us like a mother's womb from the sword of Turks and Arabs

And Persians, hanging over us. It is our fate, this passion which locks my hands like twin volcanoes over the barrel of my gun

The childlike hands are gone these silken strands of my hair the more the women fight the more beautiful they become.

You may not say it, but I know my pen does not tell of struggle Abidin must draw the lasting pictures of this struggle

Life is one, the struggle is one 25 October 1992 Karnveli Hill, The Southern War the path is one, the comrades are one

Institut kurde de Pairis

